# M

## Driver LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE

premium series

## Product description

- Dimmable 24 V constant voltage LED Driver for flexible constant voltage strips
- Can bei either used built-in or independent with clip-on strain-relief (see data sheet chapter: 1. Standards)
- One4all interface and ready2mains enable different dimming options
- Dimming range 1 to 100 %
- No additional external dimmer is needed
- Suitable for emergency escape lighting systems acc. to EN 50172
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

## **Typical application**

• Cove lighting, facade accent lighting, ceiling integration

## **Technical details**

- 24 V, 35 W
- Small design (195 x 43 x 30.2 mm) with streched-compact strain relief
- Small cross section
- Push terminal for simple wiring
- 1 output channel (+/-)

## Interfaces

- one4all (DALI DT 6, DSI, switchDIM, corridorFUNCTION)
- ready2mains (configuration and dimming via mains)
- Terminal blocks: 45° push terminals

#### System solution

- Tridonic LLE-FLEX ADV 600, 1,200, 1,800 lm/m
- Tridonic LLE-FLEX EXC 600, 1,200, 1,800, 2,500 lm/m
- In connection with Flex accessories wire to PCB plug

#### $\rightarrow$

Standards, page 3







#### System solution



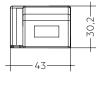
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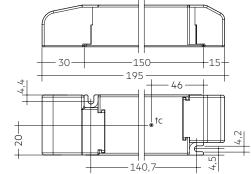
## Driver LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE

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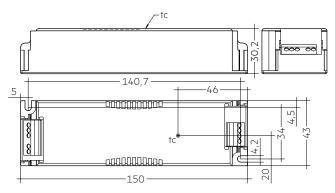
## Technical data

AC voltage range198 – 264 VDC voltage range176 – 280 VMains frequency $0 / 50 / 60 \text{ Hz}$ Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $320 \mu A$ Max. input power $40 W$ Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $89 \%$ $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $0.98$ Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $89 \%$ $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $0.98$ Typ. power input on stand-by® $< 0.2 W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation $26.5 mA$ Typ. input power in no-load operation $21.6 \text{ A} / 136 \mu \text{s}$ THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $< 0.4 \text{ S}$ Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $< 0.3 \text{ s}$ Switchover time (AC/DC)® $< 0.3 \text{ s}$ Switchover time (AC/DC)® $< 0.3 \text{ s}$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 \text{ V}$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz) $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output voltage (no-load voltage) $60 \text{ V}$ PWM frequency $-1 \text{ HHz}$ Dimming range $1 - 100 \%$ Mains surge capability (between L – N) $1 \text{ kV}$ Mains surge capability (between L – N) $1 \text{ kV}$ Life-timeup to 50,000 hDimensions L x W x H195 x 43 x 30.2 mm	Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
Mains frequency0 / 50 / 60 HzTyp. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $37 \text{ mA}$ Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $37 \text{ mA}$ Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $0.98$ Typ. power input on stand-by $0.98$ Typ. niput current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 %$ Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.4 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Output Voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 320 \ \mu A$ Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by $< 0.2 \ W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 \ µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \ \%$ Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.05 \ s$ Starting time (DC mode) $< 0.3 \ s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 \ s$ Output Voltage tolerance $\pm 1 \ V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $<$ 320 µAMax. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by $<$ 0.2 WTyp. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $<$ 0.6 sStarting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $<$ 0.0 sStarting time (DC mode) $<$ 0.3 sSwitchover time (AC/DC) $<$ 0.3 sTurn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $<$ 3 msOutput Voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 320 $\mu$ AMax. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by0.98Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 $\mu$ sTyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\circ$ 0.2 WTyp. input power in no-load operation $\circ$ 0.5 sStarting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\circ$ 0.6 sStarting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\circ$ 0.3 sSwitchover time (AC/DC) $\circ$ 0.3 sTurn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $<$ 3 msOutput voltage tolerance $\pm$ 1 VOutput LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®	176 mA
Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by®< 0.2 W	Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)	37 mA
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by< 0.2 W	Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>®</sup>	< 320 µA
$\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by< 0.2 W	Max. input power	40 W
Typ. power input on stand-by< 0.2 WTyp. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 6.7 %	Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)	89 %
Typ. Input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 6.7 %	$\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\mbox{\tiny (1)}}$	0.98
Typ: input current in the load operationEnd waterTyp: input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.6 s$ Starting time (DC mode) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Typ. power input on stand-by®	< 0.2 W
Typ. input power inflored operation      21.6 A / 136 µs        In-rush current (peak / duration)      21.6 A / 136 µs        THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®      < 6.7 %	Typ. input current in no-load operation	26.5 mA
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>®</sup> < 6.7 %	Typ. input power in no-load operation $^{\oslash}$	1.78 W
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 0.6 sStarting time (DC mode)< 0.3 s	In-rush current (peak / duration)	21.6 A / 136 µs
Starting time (dr. 200 t), 50 Hz, handed)      Starting time (dr. 200 t), 50 Hz, handed)      Switchover time (AC/DC)®      Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)      Output voltage tolerance      ± 1 V      Output voltage tolerance      ± 1 V      Output Voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	< 6.7 %
Switchover time (AC/DC)®      < 0.3 s	Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>®</sup>	< 0.6 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)    < 3 ms	Starting time (DC mode)	< 0.3 s
Output voltage tolerance    ± 1 V      Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Switchover time (AC/DC) <sup>®</sup>	< 0.3 s
Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 3 ms
Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)  60 V    PWM frequency  ~1 kHz    Dimming range  1 – 100 %    Mains surge capability (between L – N)  1 kV    Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)  2 kV    Life-time  up to 50,000 h	Output voltage tolerance	± 1 V
PWM frequency  ~1 kHz    Dimming range  1 – 100 %    Mains surge capability (between L – N)  1 kV    Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)  2 kV    Life-time  up to 50,000 h	Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Dimming range      1 – 100 %        Mains surge capability (between L – N)      1 kV        Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)      2 kV        Life-time      up to 50,000 h	Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)	60 V
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Life-time up to 50,000 h	Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
	Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Dimensions L x W x H 195 x 43 x 30.2 mm	Life-time	up to 50,000 h
	Dimensions L x W x H	195 x 43 x 30.2 mm





With strain-relief



Without strain-relief

## Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging carton <sup>⊕</sup>	Packaging pallet	Weight per pc.
Multi packaging				
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	28001662	10 pc(s).	390 pc(s).	0.157 kg
Single packaging				
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE SP	28001920	10 pc(s).	480 pc(s).	0.157 kg

<sup>®</sup> The strain relief is included in both packaging variants. In the single packaging each Driver has also an individual packaging.

## Specific technical data

Туре	Load	Forward voltage	Output current	Max. output power (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. power consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Max. casing temperature tc	Ambient temperature ta max.
	10 %	24 V	146 mA	3.5 W	5.9 W	41 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	20 %	24 V	292 mA	7.0 W	9.6 W	57 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	30 %	24 V	437 mA	10.5 W	13.4 W	71 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	40 %	24 V	583 mA	14.0 W	17.0 W	85 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	50 %	24 V	729 mA	17.5 W	20.7 W	99 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	60 %	24 V	875 mA	21.0 W	24.5 W	114 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
	70 %	24 V	1,021 mA	24.5 W	28.3 W	130 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
	80 %	24 V	1,167 mA	28.0 W	32.0 W	145 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C
	90 %	24 V	1,313 mA	31.5 W	35.7 W	161 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C
	100 %	24 V	1,453 mA	35.0 W	39.4 W	176 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C

<sup>®</sup> Valid at 100 % dimming level.

 $^{\oslash}$  Depending on the DALI traffic at the interface.

 $\ensuremath{^{\textcircled{0}}}$  Valid for immediate change of power supply type otherwise the starting time is valid.

## 1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384 EN 61547 EN 62386-101 (according to DALI standard V2) EN 62386-102 EN 62386-207 According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

For devices with strain-reliefs the following test marks apply:

... Class II luminaires

🗇 ... Independet device

For devices without strain-reliefs the following test mark apply:

igodot ... Double or reinforced insulation

## 2. Thermal details and life-time

## 2.1 Expected life-time

#### Expected lifetime

Туре	Output load	ta	30 °C	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
	75 24 144	tc	60 °C	65 ℃	75 °C	-
	35 – 26 W	Life-time	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	55,000 h	-
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	25 1/ 1/	tc	-	60 ℃	70 °C	80 °C
LCA 35W 24V Olie4ali 3C FRE	25 – 16 W	Life-time	-	> 100,000 h	95,000 h	55,000 h
	15 \	tc	-	60 ℃	65 °C	75 °C
	≤ 15 W	Life-time	-	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	65,000 h

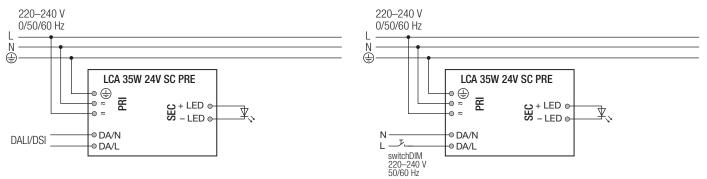
The LED control gear is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

## 3. Installation / wiring

## 3.1 Circuit diagram



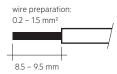
## 1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

## 3.2 Wiring type and cross section

## Mains supply wires

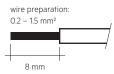
The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid from 0.2 - 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>. For perfect function of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250) the strip length should be 8.5 - 9.5 mm.



## Secondary wires (LED module)

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid from 0.2 – 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24AWG – 16AWG).

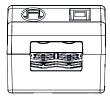
For perfect function of the push-wire terminals (Phoenix SPTAF 1/4-5,0-IL) the strip length should be 8 mm.



Secondary strain relief for cables with bigger cable sheath

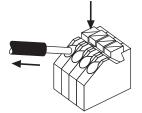


Secondary strain relief for cable with smaller cable sheath



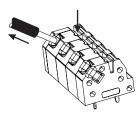
3.3 Loose wiring

## Mains supply wires



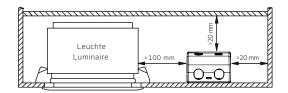
## **Release of the wiring** Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

## Secondary wires (LED module)



## 3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



## 3.5 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- The secondary wires (LED module) should be routed in parallel to ensure good EMC performance.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- The LED Driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side.
  Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED Driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

## 3.6 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is not supported due to residual output voltage of > 0 V. If a LED load is connected the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

This can be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

## 3.7 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via earth terminal. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following

behaviour:

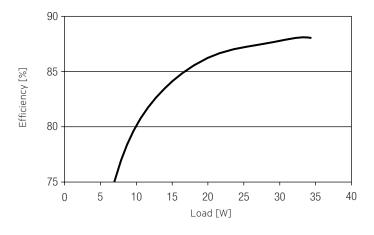
- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at standby
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

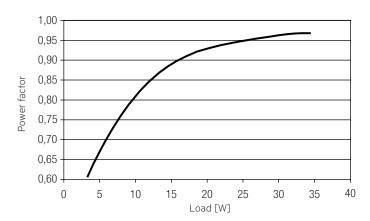
## **LED Driver** Constant voltage

## 4. Electrical values

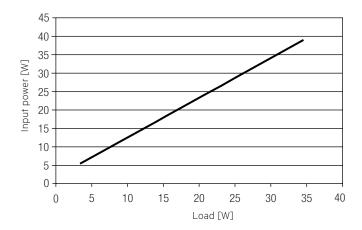
## 4.1 Efficiency vs. load



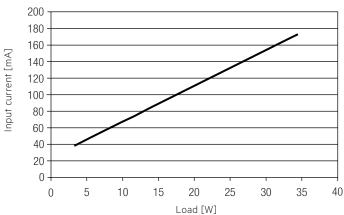
## 4.2 Power factor vs. Load



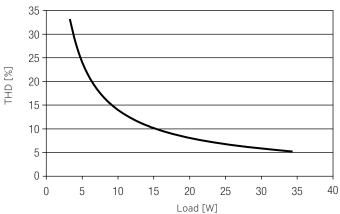




4.4 Input current vs. Load







## 4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	max	time
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	27	37	47	60	16	22	28	36	21.6 A	136 µs

Typical values for MCB from ABB series S200 as reference.

Actual values can differ due to used MCB types and installation environment.

## 4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	6	6	1	2	2	1

## 4.8 Dimming

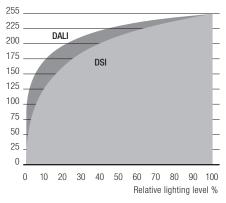
Dimming range 1% to 100% Digital control with:

- DSI signal: 8 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 1.4 s
- DALI signal: 16 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 0.2 s Programmable parameter: Minimum dimming level Maximum dimming level Default minimum = 1% Programmable range 1%  $\leq$  MIN  $\leq$  100% Default maximum = 100% Programmable range 100%  $\geq$  MAX  $\geq$  1%

Dimming is realized by PWM frequency.

## 4.9 Dimming characteristics

Digital dimming value



Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

## 5. Interfaces / communication

#### 5.1 Control input (DA/N, DA/L)

Digital DALI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (DA/N and DA/L).

The control input is non-polar for digital control signals (DALI, DSI). The control signal is not SELV. Control cable has to be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations. Different functions depending on each module.

## 5.2 switchDIM

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a pushbutton for dimming and switching.

Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches LED control gear ON and OFF. The dimm level is saved at power-down and restored at power-up.

When the pushbutton is held, LED modules are dimmed. After repush the LED modules are dimmed in the opposite direction.

In installations with LED control gears with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all LED control gears can be synchronized to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push. Use of pushbutton with indicator lamp is not permitted.

## 5.3 Light level in DC operation

The LED Driver is designed for operation on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

Light output level in DC operation: programmable 1 – 100 % (EOFu = 0.13). Programming by DALI or ready2mains. In DC operation dimming mode can be activated.

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for: AC: < 32 mA DC: < 21 mA

## 6. Functions

## 6.1 ready2mains - configuration

The ready2mains interface can be used to configure the main parameters of LED Drivers via the mains wiring, such as CLO and DC level. These parameters can be adjusted either via ready2mains-capable configuration software or directly via the ready2mains programmer.

## 6.2 ready2mains – dimming

ready2mains allows for mains-based group dimming, controlled via the ready2mains protocol and appropriate dimming interfaces.

For details on the operation of ready2mains and its components see the relevant technical information.

#### 6.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short-circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again. The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

Open circuit lamp failure is not recognized.

#### 6.4 Overload protection

If the max. output current or the max. output power is exceeded the LED Driver turns off the LED output. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again.

The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

#### 6.5 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current of the LED module(s) is reduced. The temperature protection is activated above tc max. The activation temperature differs depending on the LED load. On DC operation this function is deactivated to fulfill emergency requirements.

## 6.6 corridorFUNCTION

The corridorFUNCTION can be programmed in two different ways. To program the corridorFUNCTION by means of software a DALI-USB interface is needed in combination with a DALI PS. The software can be the masterCONFIGURATOR.

To activate the corridorFUNCTION without using software a voltage of 230 V has to be applied for five minutes at the switchDIM connection. The unit will then switch automatically to the corridorFUNCTION.

Note:

If the corridorFUNCTION is wrongly activated in a switchDIM system (for example a switch is used instead of pushbutton), there is the option of installing a pushbutton and deactivating the corridorFUNCTION mode by five short pushes of the button within three seconds.

switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION are very simple tools for controlling gears with conventional pushbuttons or motion sensors.

To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings. Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION.

## 6.7 Constant light output (CLO)

The luminous flux of an LED decreases constantly over the life-time. The CLO function ensures that the emitted luminous flux remains stable. For that purpose the LED current will increase continuously over the LED life-time. In masterCONFIGURATOR it is possible to select a start value (in percent) and an expected life-time. The LED Driver adjusts the PWM frequency afterwards automatically.

#### 6.8 Power-up/-down fading

The power-up/-down function offers the opportunity to modify the on-/off behavior. The time for fading on or off can be adjusted in a range of 0.2 to 16 seconds. According to this value, the device dims either from 0 % up to the power-on level or from the current set dim level down to 0 %. This feature applies while operating via switchDIM, ready2mains and when switching the mains voltage on or off. By factory default no fading time is set (= 0 seconds).

## 6.9 Light level in DC operation

The LED Driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

Light output level in DC operation: programmable 1 – 100 % (EOFu = 0.13). Programming by DALI or ready2mains. In DC operation dimming mode can be activated.

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

## 6.10 Software / programming

With appropriate software and a interface different functions can be activated and various parameters can be configured in the LED Driver. To do so, a DALI-USB or ready2mains programmer and the software (masterCONFIGURATOR) are required.

## 6.11 masterCONFIGURATOR

From version 2.8:

For programming functions (CLO, power-up fading, corridorFUNCTION) and device settings (fade time, ePowerOnLevel, DC level, etc.). For further information see masterCONFIGURATOR manual.

## 6.12 deviceCONFIGURATOR

PC (windows) based software application to transfer parameters into our drivers.

Workflow optimised for the use in OEM production line. For further information see deviceCONFIGURATOR manual.

## 7. Miscellaneous

## 7.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with  $500 V_{DC}$  for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The isolation resistance must be at least  $2 M\Omega$ .

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V  $_{AC}$  (or 1.414 x 1500 V  $_{DC}$ ). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

## 7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

## 7.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED Driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles. The actually achieved number of switching cycles is significantly higher.

## 7.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u>  $\rightarrow$  Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u>  $\rightarrow$  Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.